

Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP)

Adelong Wastewater Treatment Plant and Reticulation 2024

POLLUTION INCIDENT RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PLAN (PIRMP)

LICENCE NUMBER: 1773	
Approved by: Quentin Adams	
Position/Title: Manager Utilities & Waste Business	Signature:
Date: 20/05/2024	

PURPOSE:

LICENCE NUMBER, 4773

Snowy Valleys Council holds an Environment Protection Licence with the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) for Adelong Wastewater Treatment Plant. As per the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (the POEO Act), the holder of an Environment Protection Licence must prepare, keep, test and implement a pollution incident response management plan (PIRMP) that complies with Part 5.7A of the POEO Act in relation to the activity to which the licence relates.

If a pollution incident occurs in the course of an activity so that material harm to the environment (within the meaning of section 147 of the POEO Act) is caused or threatened, the person carrying out the activity must immediately implement this plan in relation to the activity required by Part 5.7A of the POEO Act.

The objectives of the plan are to:

- communicate in a timely manner and with sufficient detail about a pollution incident to relevant authorities and people outside the facilities who may be affected by the impacts of the pollution incident;
- minimise and control the risk of any pollution incident occurring at the facilities by requiring identification of risks and the development of planned actions to minimise and manage those risks; and
- ensure that the plan is properly implemented by trained staff, identifying persons responsible for implementing it, and ensuring that the plan is regularly tested for accuracy, currency and suitability.

A copy of this plan will be kept at the licensed premises, or where the activity takes place in the case of mobile plant licences and be made available on request by an authorised EPA officer and to any person who is responsible for implementing this plan.

Parts of the plan will also be made available on Council's publicly accessible website http://www.snowyvalleys.nsw.gov.au

This management plan is to be continually updated and reviewed by Laxmi Pandey, Water/Wastewater Engineer, Snowy Valleys Council.

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1. Introduction

The town of Adelong is serviced by approximately 14km of gravity Wastewater mains and 2 km of rising Wastewater mains. There is one major outfall pump station and three minor pump stations which transfer wastewater to the Adelong Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP).

Adelong WWTP is located at the eastern perimeter of the town and is bounded by farming land on three sides and Adelong Creek on the western side. The plant can cater for a total wastewater load of 1,300 equivalent persons (EP) and the plant is currently loaded at about 1000 EP. The Adelong WWTP was originally constructed in 1967 and was augmented in 2002, it is an Intermittent Decant Extended Aeration (IDEA) equipped with chemical dosing for phosphorus removal (alchlor) and effluent disinfection (sodium hypochlorite).

Treated effluent from the pasveer channel is dosed with sodium hypochlorite then is held in a contact basin before flowing to the discharge point in Adelong Creek. This point is approximately 1 kilometre upstream from the town centre through which the Adelong creek flows.

The Adelong WWTP treats around 80ML per year or around 220kL per day during average dry weather flow. This can increase to five times higher during peak wet weather flows.

1.1 EPL Details

This Pollution Incident Response Management Plan applies to Adelong WWTP and Reticulation.

Environment Protection Licence (EPL) Details							
Name of licensee:	SNOWY VALLEYS COUNCIL ABN 53 558 891 887						
EPL number:	1773						
Premises name and address:	ADELONG SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT, BLEAK STREET, ADELONG NSW 2729						
Company or business contact details	Name: Steven Pinnuck Position or title: Interim General Manager Business hours contact number/s: 02 6941 2567 After hours contact number/s: 0429 310 205 Email: spinnuck@svc.nsw.gov.au						
Website address:	http://www.snowyvalleys.nsw.gov.au/						
Scheduled activity/activities on EPL:	Sewage treatment						
Fee-based activity/activities on EPL:	Sewage treatment processing by small plants> 20-100 ML annual maximum volume of discharge						

For site plans, refer to Section 7.1 Appendix 1 - .

2. Pollution Incident Response Management Plan

Pollution incident response management plans (PIRMPs) are plans all holders of environment protection licences (licensees) are required to prepare in accordance with section 153A of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act). By preparing and implementing a PIRMP that meets the requirements specified under the legislation, Council will:

- minimise the risk of a pollution incident occurring as a result of their licensed activities, as they would have identified risks and the actions they propose to take to minimise and manage those risks
- have established clear and effective notification, action and communication procedures to ensure the right people are notified, warned and quickly provided with updates and information they may need to act appropriately, including
 - people who may need to be involved in incident responses including staff at the premises; the Environment Protection Authority (EPA); and other relevant authorities (such as Fire and Rescue NSW, NSW Health and local councils)
 - industrial, commercial and residential neighbours and other members of the community
- have properly trained staff and up-to-date incident management information available to ensure the potential impact of a pollution incident is minimised.

The WWTP and its collection system operate under Environmental Protection Licence (EPL) No. 1773 granted by the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA). The licence is renewed annually on 1 June.

2.1 Potential Hazards

During wastewater treatment, chemicals and by-products are produced which, if spilt or incorrectly managed, may contaminate the environment or threaten human health. A register of the chemicals is contained in Section Description and likelihood of hazards.

The potential hazards to the environment include;

- Wastewater overflow (raw or partially treated) potentially caused by:
- Storms (lightning/heavy rainfall/wind) causing power failure or infrastructure damage
- Reticulation blockages
- Damage to reticulation (contractors or other damage during excavations etc)
- Infrastructure failure due to age
- SCADA/Communications failure
- Excessive flows
- Mechanical break down
- Power outage
- Treatment plant process failure

Chemical spill – potentially caused by:

- Tank/storage failure
- Delivery incident
- Damage to chemical reticulation

- Vandalism
- Inappropriate chemical use
- Bund failure

A detailed assessment of risks is provided in Section 7.4 Appendix 4

2.2 Incident Response and Contact details

This section details the response requirements in the event of an incident. In all situations:

Pollution incident - person/s responsible

	Position or title: Manager Utilities & Waste
•	Business
	Business hours contact number/s: 02 6941 2589
	After hours contact number/s: 0417 645 862
	Email: qadams@svc.nsw.gov.au
	OR
	Name of person responsible: Edward Greig
	Position or title: Water & Wastewater Engineer Business hours contact number/s: 02 6941 2526
	After hours contact number/s: 0437 951 365
	Email: egreig@svc.nsw.gov.au
Notifying relevant	Name of person responsible: Edward Greig
Authorities Notification should be made by a person with	Position or title: Water & Wastewater Engineer Business hours contact number/s: 02 6941 2526
an appropriate level of authority within the	After hours contact number/s: 0437 951 365
company	Email: egreig@svc.nsw.gov.au
Managing response	Name of person responsible: David Sam
to pollution incident	Position or title: Coordinator Utilities - Works
	Business hours contact number/s: 02 6941 2430
	After hours contact number/s: 0436 279 959
	Email: dsam@svc.nsw.gov.au
	Or Col Tiyce, Operator WWTP
	Contact Number BAH : 0427 462 043
	Water / Wastewater On-Call Team 0419 478 335

The 24 hour emergency number for Snowy Valleys is 0427 470 555

During working hours, these calls are taken by staff on the Snowy Valleys Council Switch. If the call is after hours, the call is redirected to Snowy Valleys Council Duty Officer, who informs appropriate personnel of issues and incidents.

2.2.1 Human health or Safety Incident

If there is immediate threat to Human health or Safety, call triple zero "**000**" and implement the following process:

- 1. Implement the *Emergency Work Instruction*
- 2. If required, evacuate the site. Move to Emergency Evacuation Area
- 3. Office hour contacts for Council are

Contact	Phone	Mobile
Council administration	02 6941 2555	0427 470 555 (After Hours)
After hours, water & wastewater emergencies		0427 470 555 0419 478 335
Director Infrastructure & Works	02 6941 2402	0409 815 603
Manager Utilities & Waste Business	02 6941 2589	0417 645 862
Environmental Health Officer	02 6941 2532	0429 314 050
Coordinator People & Culture (HR)	02 6941 2574	0437 620 028
Public Health Unit Murrumbidgee and Southern Local Health Districts (NSW Health)	02 5943 2044	0428 693 374
NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment, (DPIE Water)	02 6024 8854	0427 324 893
NSW DPI, Fisheries	02 6042 4213	0484 907 343

2.1.2 Pollution incident

Pollution incidents posing material harm to the environment should be notified to each 'relevant authority' as defined in section 148(8) of the POEO Act. 'Relevant authority' means:

- 1. the appropriate regulatory authority (ARA) for the activity under the POEO Act (usually the EPA or local authority) the local authority is a local council of an area under the (Local Government Act, 1993)), the Lord Howe Island Board for Lord Howe Island, or the Western Lands Commissioner for the Western Division (except any part of the Western Division within the area of a local council)
 - 2. the EPA, if it is not the ARA phone Environment Line on 131 555
 - 3. the Ministry of Health via the local Public Health Unit –see www.health.nsw.gov.au/Infectious/Pages/phus.aspx (Public Health Act, 1993)
 - 4. SafeWork NSW 131 050
 - the local authority if this is not the ARA
 - 6. Fire and Rescue NSW phone 000

For details of other contacts that might be required see Section 7.6 Appendix 6 - Additional Emergency Contacts.

In all situations where there is damage and/or loss to private property or a member of the public due to an incident related to this plan contact:

Council's Risk Management Officer (02) 6941 2513 or 0436 014 129 Coordinator Safety & Systems (02) 6941 2410 or 0427 814 411

The incident response required depends on the type of incident that has occurred. The following is a list of safe work method statements to be implemented in the event of a related incident:

TSC - Chemical Spill Response (MMS code/Reporting Units-115- SWS-AS-03-SPILL)

2.3 Communicating with neighbours and the local community

Impacts on the community due to wastewater distribution and treatment incidents are variable and depend on location, volumes of spills or other factors. Communication methods will be used on a case by case basis and in all situations Snowy Valleys Council will attempt to provide early warning to directly affected premises by phone call or site visit. Early warning is to include details of what the imminent incident is how those affected can prepare and respond, and provide important advice such as avoiding contact and use of affected waterways.

Where early warning is not possible Snowy Valleys Council will provide notification and communication during and after an incident to advise those affected with information, advice and updates. Notification and communication methods will be determined on a case by case basis and the following methods may be used:

- Letter drops
- Warning signs
- Phone calls
- Media releases (radio/television/newspaper/internet/social media as required)
- Site visits/door knocking
- Other methods as the situation requires

In the event of a chemical or wastewater spill into stormwater or waterway, Snowy Valleys Council staff is to go to prominent and/or high use areas of the affected waterway and erect signage. The signs are to warn water users of the contamination and advise them to avoid activities such as swimming, fishing, shellfish collection and boating until contamination has cleared. Additionally, if the event occurred or was occurring during dry weather, Snowy Valleys Council staff is to attend popular sites and advise users directly.

Contaminated land is to be disinfected, ponded wastewater pumped out and faecal coliforms are to be monitored until background levels are reached.

Regular communication and notification (see Appendix 7) is to be provided until the incident and clean-up of impacted site and affected areas has been complete (e.g. faecal coliforms have returned to background levels). Snowy Valleys Council is to take signs down and advise the public that regular activities can be resumed by (as required):

- Phone calls
- Media releases (radio/television/newspaper/internet/social media as required)
- Letter drops
- Other methods as the situation requires

2.2.1 Incidents at the Adelong Wastewater Treatment Plant

The township of Adelong is approximately 1 km away from the Adelong WWTP. There is nothing onsite that would create an emergency for any neighbours. Additionally, the inflow into this plant and the available storage means that even at peak wet weather flow the potential of an overflow from this plant is low as the plant has emergency storage in the sludge lagoon. Excess flow can also be directed to the old effluent ponds that are maintained at a low level. The estimated emergency storage capacity is 8 ML. However, if an incident did occur and any community members or neighbours were affected then the processes listed in Section 2.3 above would be implemented as required.

2.4 Incident Investigation

All emergencies must be investigated. For all other incidents, the manager (with guidance from review personnel) will decide whether an incident investigation will be conducted. When an incident investigation is required, the relevant manager is responsible for:

- Forming the investigation team
- Co-ordinating the investigation

Note: The *Investigation Guideline (SWS-SOP-04)* and Accident and Incidents Document can be used when conducting the investigation.

A de-brief is to be conducted for all emergency incidents. However, the responsible manager may also initiate de-briefs for other incidents where they feel it is appropriate. The *Incident and Accident Form (SWS-SOP-04-F01)* can be used to assist this process.

2.5 Pre-emptive actions to be taken

2.4.1 Physical and preventative measures

First priority for pre-emptive measures is to eliminate substances that can become potential pollutants. If this is not possible, physical barriers should be installed to prevent pollutants from entering the environment such as bunding and spill drainage containment. At Adelong WWTP, all chemical storages are bunded to ensure that if the storage fails the pollutant is contained and treatment process bypasses are installed to prevent partially treated wastewater spills due to reticulation issues. Additionally, the reticulation, pump stations, and Adelong WWTP have multiple alarm systems to alert operators of conditions that may result in incidents, which include:

- High level alarms
- Communication failure

In the event that these systems fail, Snowy Valleys Council has portable bypass pumps available.

2.4.2 Preventative monitoring and maintenance

Snowy Valleys Council uses monitoring and preventative maintenance to reduce the potential for incidents at both the WWTP and for the reticulation and pump stations. These separated in the following timeframes:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly to Annually
- Longer term (capital works and maintenance programs)

Daily

The WWTP is to be attended daily and the following inspected:

- Maintenance requirements
- Chemical quantities
- Plant performance data
- Housekeeping issues that requiring attention
- Vandalism and/or thefts
- Issues with bunds
- Check bund valves are closed
- Alarms workings

Weekly

 For the reticulation and associated pump stations staff are to conduct weekly pump station checks using the SWS - Sewer Activity Spec - Operate and Maintain Wells (SEWWELLO).

Monthly to Annually.

The following is to be checked monthly for the reticulation and pump stations:

- Alarm testing power fail, critical float
- Rain gauges Electricians

The following is to be checked or conducted every three months:

- All valve operations exercising, maintenance
- Inlet Valves exercising, maintenance
- Isolation Valves exercising, maintenance
- Spray locks with silicone spray and operate locks the following is to be checked or conducted annually: Backup Batteries - (December)
- Fire Extinguishers
- Sump Pumps Dry Well PS's
- Vermin/Insect Protection
- Lopping and pruning of trees surrounding PS's Painting
- Prune trees around odour beds
- Pump Performance Testing (SCX6 and Draw-down tests)
- RPZ Testing
- Team Training New Technologies and Upgrades
- CCTV and Jetting for repeat chokes
- Tree removal where there are repeat chokes
- Inspection of pipeline easements
- Condition assessment of above ground rising mains
- Bund integrity (WWTP)

Other checks include manhole inspection, maintenance, repair and resealing (as required).

2.4.3 Pre-emptive documentation

Reticulation blockages, breaks or distribution issues can result in spills if not acted upon. Therefore the following AS are to be used to address issues before overflows occur:

Sewer Activity Spec – Unblocking Sewer Chokes v6 (SCHKE)

Sewer Activity Spec - Manhole Repairs (MANHOLE)

Sewer Activity Spec – Sewer Dig Up (SEWDG)

Sewer Activity Spec – Replace Sewer Lines (SEWGRAV)

Sewer Activity Spec – Replace Pressure Sewer Line v2 (SEWPRES) Sewer Activity Spec - Operate and Maintain Wells (SEWWELLO)

2.6 Staff training

All staff required to implement this plan and associated documents must have training in its use and be inducted into it. This is to ensure they are aware of the content, processes and requirements of this plan and can competently implement it if necessary. Additionally, relevant staff will be involved in an annual exercise/drill to test the implementation of the plan. In the event of a significant incident, an investigation and debrief will be conducted, documentation updated (if required) and staff will be re-inducted.

All, desktop exercises, drills and incidents are to be registered into Council's Data Works, and training records will be sent to Human Resources and Organisational Development for filing.

2.7 Making Plans available

A copy of each plan will be maintained at the premises to which the relevant licence relates, or where the relevant activity takes place, so that it is readily available to those responsible for its implementation and to an authorised officer on request.

Some sections of the plans must be made publicly available within 14 days after they have been prepared by:

- placing them in a prominent position on a publicly accessible website of the licensee
- providing copies of them, without charge, to any person who makes a written request for a copy if the licensee does not have a website.

A publicly accessible website could include a website established to promote the licensee's activities or products. The information to be made available to the public:

- must include the procedures for contacting the relevant authorities including the EPA, local council, NSW Ministry of Health, WorkCover NSW, and Fire and Rescue NSW
- must include the procedures for communicating with the community described in Sections 3.3.6 and 3.4.2 above
- may be exclusive of any personal information within the meaning of the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998.

2.8 Testing plans

The plan will be tested routinely at least once every 12 months. The testing is to be carried out in such a manner as to ensure that the information included in the plan is accurate and up to date, and that each plan is capable of being implemented in a workable and effective manner. This is also applicable to plans prepared by waste transporters. The two usual methods of testing are undertaking desktop simulations and practical exercises or drills. Testing must cover all components of the plan, including the

- effectiveness of training
- environmental guidelines
- preparation of pollution incident response management plans

Plans must include details such as:

- the manner in which they are to be tested and maintained
- the dates on which they have been tested and the name of the staff members who carried out the testing
- The dates on they are updated.

Plans must also be tested within one month of any pollution incident occurring in the course of an activity to which a licence relates to assess, in the light of that incident, whether the information included in the plan is accurate and up to date, and the plan is still capable of being implemented in a workable and effective manner.

2.9 Implementing plans

If a pollution incident occurs in the course of an activity at the premises so that material harm to the environment (within the meaning of section 147) is caused or threatened, the person carrying out the activity will immediately implement any pollution incident management response that was developed to meet the requirements of the POEO Act.

3. Responsibility

Interim General Manager of Snowy Valleys Council is responsible for the implementation of this Plan.

4. Bibliography

Environment Protection Authority, 2012. *NSW Environmental Guidelines: Preparation of pollution incident response plans.* [Online]

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http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/legislation/201200227egpreppirmp.pdf [Accessed 18 September 2012].

Local Government Act, 1993. *Austlii.* [Online] Available at: http://www.austlii.edu.au/au/legis/nsw/consol_act/lga1993182/ [Accessed 18 September 2012].

Office of Environment and Heritage, 2012. *Home – Reporting pollution, Protocol for industry notification of pollution incidents.* [Online]

Available at: http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/pollution/notificationprotocol.htm [Accessed 18 September 2012]. Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation, 2009. Legislation NSW. [Online]

Available http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/xref/inforce/?xref= <u>Type%3Dsubordleg%20AND%20Year%3D2009%20AND%20No%3D211&nohits=y</u> [Accessed 18 September 2012].

Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997. *Austlii.* [Online] Available at: http://www.austlii.edu.au/au/legis/nsw/consol_act/poteoa1997455/ [Accessed 18 September 2012].

Public Health Act, 1993. *Legislation*. [Online] Available at: http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/fullhtml/inforce/act+10+1991+cd+0+N [Accessed 18 September 2012].

Water Administration Act, 0986. *Legislation*. [Online] Available at: http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/fullhtml/inforce/act+10+1991+cd+0+N [Accessed 18 September 2012].

5. Dictionary

Pollution incident:

Means an incident or set of circumstances during or as a consequence of which there is or is likely to be a leak, spill or other escape or deposit of a substance, as a result of which pollution has occurred, is occurring or is likely to occur.

It includes an incident or set of circumstances in which a substance has been placed or disposed of on premises, but it does not include an incident or set of circumstances involving only the emission of any noise (see the POEO Act 1997).

Harm to the environment:

Harm to the environment is material if:

- (i) it involves actual or potential harm to the health or safety of human beings or to ecosystems that is not trivial, or
- (ii) it results in actual or potential loss or property damage of an amount, or amounts in aggregate, exceeding \$10,000 (or such other amount as is prescribed by the regulations), and

Loss: includes the reasonable costs and expenses that would be incurred in taking all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent, mitigate or make good harm to the environment.

6. Table of Amendment

Amendment	Authorised by	Approval Reference	Date
Version 1	Vince R	436892	16-10-2014
Version 2	Vince R		
Version 3	E Greig		29-07-2017
Version 4	E Greig		11.09.2017
Version 5	E Greig		22.10.2018
Version 6	E Greig		21.05.2019
Version 7	Q Adams		3.06.2020
Version 8	Q Adams		2.06.2021
Version 9	Q Adams		30.05.2022
Version 9 RevB	Q Adams		8.12.2022
Version 10	Q Adams		19.04.2023
Version 11	Q Adams		20.05.2024

Annual PIRMP Test History

Revision	Test Date	Conducted By
Version 4	17.08.2017	Edward Greig
Version 4	19.07.2018	Edward Greig, David Sam, Col
		Tiyce, Brett Hassett
Version 6	25.06.2019	David Sam, Col Tiyce, Edward
		Greig
Version 7	30.06.2020	David Sam / Brett Hassett
Version 8	11.06.2021	David Sam, Col Tiyce
Version 9	12.07.2022	Brett Hassett, David Sam
Version 10	20.06.2023	Brett Hasset/ David Sam
Version 11	23.05.2024	Col Tiyce/ David Sam

7. Appendices

- Appendix 1 Site Plans
- Appendix 2 Site Chemical Register
- Appendix 3 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Appendix 4 Risk Assessment and actions
- Appendix 5 Action Plans to minimize harm
- Appendix 6 Additional Emergency Contacts
- Appendix 7 Notification Letter and Incident Reporting Template
- Appendix 8 Pollution Incident Actions

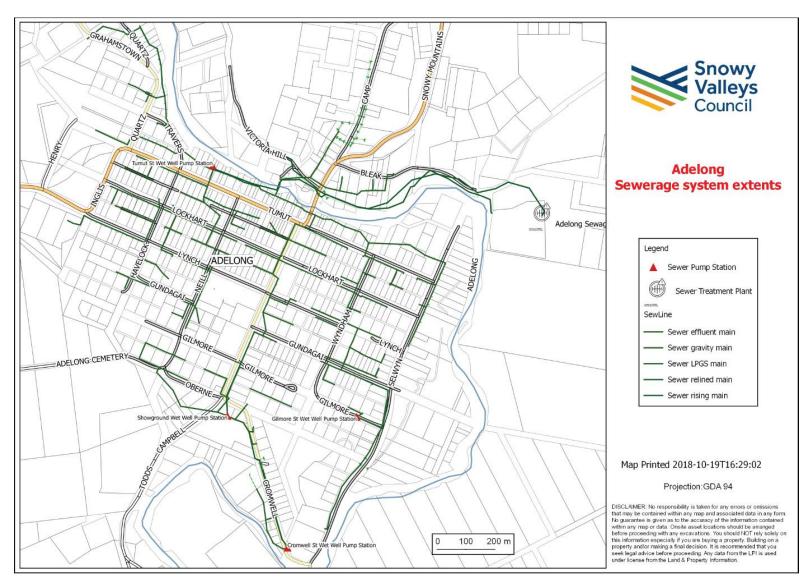
7.1 Appendix 1 - Maps

The plans include a detailed map (or set of maps) showing the location of the premises, the surrounding area that is likely to be affected by a pollution incident, the location of potential pollutants on the premises, the location of any stormwater drains on the premises, and the discharge locations of the stormwater drains to the nearest watercourse or water body.

Figure 1: Adelong Wastewater Treatment Plant



Figure 1: Wastewater Network



Date of register: 31/05/2024

7.2 Appendix 2 - Site chemical Register

Inventory of pollutants -

Folder			Maximum Volume of	Location Where Chemical	
Reference	Reference Chemical Name Manufacturer		Chemicals Stored	is Stored	
		Hardman			
1	Alchlor	Chemicals	12000 Lts	Alum Bund	
2	Bromcrest green, red Indicator		100MI	Laboratory	
3	DPD Free Chlorine Reagent	HACH	4 x 100ml packs	Laboratory	
4	DPD Total Chlorine Reagent	HACH	4 x 100ml packs	Laboratory	
5	Sodium Hypo Chloride		Up to 5000ltr	Hypo Bund	
6	Mineral Stabiliser	HACH	500 ml	Laboratory	
7	Nessler Reagent	HACH	500 ml	Laboratory	
8	NitraVer 5 Nitrate Reagent	HACH	4 x 100ml packs	Laboratory	
9	PhosVer 3 Phosphate Reagent	HACH	4 x 100ml packs	Laboratory	
10	Polyvinyl Alcohol Dispersing Agent	HACH	4 x 50ml packs	Laboratory	

7.3 Appendix 3 - Safety equipment

This section list the standard Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) items required:

Wastewater Treatment Plant

The following items are to be kept at the Adelong Wastewater Treatment Plant:

- Ear/hearing protection
- Gas monitor
- Sun screen
- Apron/disposal overalls
- Rubber Gloves
- Safety glasses
- Gumboots
- Steel capped Boots
- First aid kit

Wastewater reticulation response

The following items are to be kept on the Wastewater reticulation maintenance vehicle:

- Goggles/eye protection
- Hearing protection
- Disposable overalls
- Rubber gloves
- Gumboots
- First aid kit

7.4 Appendix 4 -Risk assessment and incident actions

Actions to be taken during or immediately after a pollution incident [clause 98C (1) (I)]

Li A	kelihood IMPROBABLE - May occur only in	Consequences 1. INSIGNIFICANT - No injuries, minimal level of pollution, Employee	Rati	•			ı	Likelih	ood	
	exceptional circumstances	grievances dealt with on site, Loss <5% of job cost, service, business failure resulting in delay < 1 week and costs,	=	Low Medium	Consequence	Α	В	С	D	Е
В	REMOTE - Could occur at some time	plant/equipment loss < \$1,000		High	1	L	L	L	М	Н
С	3	2. MINOR - First aid treatment, limited/localised impact, Employee		Very High Extreme	2	L	L	М	Н	V
	time	grievances dealt with by senior management, loss 5-10% of job cost, business failure resulting in delay < 1 month and costs,			3	М	М	Н	V	Х
D	FREQUENT - Will probably occur in most circumstances	plant/equipment loss < \$10,000			4	Н	Н	٧	Х	Χ
	CONTINUOUS - Is expected to occur in most circumstances efer also to Councils Hazards, Risks ad Controls Guidelines	 3. MODERATE - Medical treatment & several days off work, significant pollution requiring outside assistance, Employee grievances taken to the union, loss 10-20% of job cost, non-compliance with legislation/Licence conditions, business failure resulting in delay < 3 months and costs, plant/equipment loss < \$50,000 4. MAJOR - long term illness/serious injury, significant pollution requiring outside assistance & long term environ damage, threatened industrial action, loss 20-70% of job cost, loss of production capability, order placed on Council by Authorities, business failure resulting in delay < 6 months and costs, plant/equipment loss < \$100,000 5. CATASTROPHIC - Death or permanent disability/illness, serious permanent environmental damage, Actual industrial action, loss >70% of job cost, potential prosecution by Authorities, business failure resulting in delay > 6 months and costs, plant/equipment loss > \$100,000 			5	V	V	X	X	X

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
Adelong Reticulation				
ADERE1	Wastewater overflow due to heavy rainfall	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	C2 = M	 Reticulation maintenance and rehabilitation to reduce infiltration and inflows Spare capacity in pump wells Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see- Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also 7.5 Appendix 5 - Action plans to minimise harm See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors
ADERE2	Wastewater overflow due to power failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 Lightning protection Back up generators Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
ADERE3	Wastewater overflow due to storm damaging infrastructure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 Lightning protection Site vegetation management to prevent damage to infrastructure Portable pumps Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors
ADERE4	Wastewater overflow due to Reticulation blockages or damage	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	C2 = M	 Reticulation maintenance Wastewater Jetting program (high pressure cleaning of mains for repeat chokes) Spare capacity in pump wells Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
ADERE5	Wastewater overflow due to an external persons excavation hitting the wastewater reticulation.	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	C2 = M	 Provide underground service locations to external persons Vacuum trucks (for clean up) Portable pumps (for clean up)

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
ADERE6	Wastewater overflow due to SCADA/Communications failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A2 = L	 SCADA testing and alarming Monitoring of SCADA signal issues Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors
ADERE7	Wastewater overflow due to Infrastructure failure (e.g. due to age)	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 Maintenance and renewal programs Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors
ADERE8	Wastewater overflow due to Mechanical break down/dual pump failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 Telemetry monitoring Maintenance and inspection programs Spare capacity in pump wells Portable pump to bypass site and vacuum truck to maintain flows Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
ADERE9	idue to biockade / damade / faibtail	Land/water contamination due to wastewater entering watercourse then into tributary of Tumut River	B3 = M	 Reticulation maintenance and rehabilitation to reduce infiltration and inflows Spare capacity in pump wells and reticulation Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also See also 7.5 Appendix 5 - Action plans to minimise harm See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors
ADERE10	Wastewater overflow from Tumut Street SPS) due to blockage / damage / rainfall	Land/water contamination due to wastewater entering Council Reserve adjacent to tributary of Tumut river	A2 = L	 Reticulation maintenance and rehabilitation to reduce infiltration and inflows Spare capacity in pump wells and reticulation Pump station Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also See also 7.5 Appendix 5 - Action plans to minimise harm See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
	Wastewater overflow Showground SPS due to blockage / damage / rainfall	Land/water contamination due to wastewater overflow	A2 = L	 Reticulation maintenance and rehabilitation to reduce infiltration and inflows Spare capacity in pump wells and reticulation Pump station Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also See also 7.5 Appendix 5 - Action plans to minimise harm See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors
ADERE12	ISPS due to blockage / damage /	Land/water contamination due to wastewater overflow	A2 = L	 Reticulation maintenance and rehabilitation to reduce infiltration and inflows Spare capacity in pump wells and reticulation Pump station Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures. See also See also 7.5 Appendix 5 - Action plans to minimise harm See also 7.6 Emergency Contractors – Wastewater pump station – pump out Contractors

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
	Wastewater Treatment Plant		reading	
				Reticulation maintenance to reduce infiltration and inflows
ADESTP1	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to	Land contamination, possibly enter a	B2 = L	Spare capacity in pump wells
	heavy rainfall	waterway	<i>DL</i> – L	Monitoring and maintenance
				■ Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
ADESTP2	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to storm (lightning/wind) causing power failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	■ Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to			Lightning protection
ADESTP3	storm (lightning/wind) causing infrastructure damage	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A2 = L	Site vegetation management to prevent damage to infrastructure
	illinastructure damage			■ Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
				Reticulation maintenance
ADESTP4	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to Reticulation blockages	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A2 = L	Spare capacity in pump wells
				Monitoring and maintenance
				■ Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
ADESTP5	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to damage to onsite reticulation (e.g. during excavations etc)	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 Locate services prior to excavations Appropriate supervision of contractors
ADESTP6	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to SCADA/Communications failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 SCADA testing and alarming Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
ADESTP7	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to Infrastructure failure (e.g. due to age)	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = L	 Maintenance and renewal programs Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
ADESTP8	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to excessive flows	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A2 = L	 Reticulation maintenance to reduce infiltration and inflows Spare capacity in pump wells Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
ADESTP9	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to Mechanical break down	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A2 = L	 Maintenance and inspection programs Spare capacity in pump wells Monitoring and maintenance Pre-emptive measures see Section 2.5 Pre-emptive Measures.
ADESTP10	Wastewater overflow (raw) due to Treatment plant blockage	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A2 = L	Bypass systemsGross solid screening

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
ADESTP11	Chemical spill due to Tank/storage failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = M	BundingAlarmsInspection and maintenance of tanks
ADESTP12	Chemical spill During delivery	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B2 = M	SWMSSupervision during deliveryPPE
ADESTP13	Chemical spill due to Damage to chemical reticulation	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A3 = M	 Locate services prior to excavations Appropriate supervision of contractors Bypass systems Shut off valves for chemicals
ADESTP14	Chemical spill due to Vandalism	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	A3 = M	Site security fences
ADESTP15	Chemical spill due to Bund failure	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	B3 = M	 Bund inspections Annual bunding tests Maintenance and renewal

No	Risk	Impact	Risk LxC = Rating	Controls
ADESTP16	Chemical truck incident outside of bunded area	Land contamination, possibly enter a waterway	D3 = IVI	 Only use transport companies with evidence of driver licensing and training Operator onsite during deliveries (or at minimum direct contact with deliver in exceptional circumstances)

7.5 Appendix 5 - Minimising harm to persons on the premises

To address the risk of Wastewater overflows, Snowy Valleys Council has a number of management actions comprising of one or more of the following:

- Further detailed Investigations of very high and extreme risks
- Augmentation of Wastewater Assets to Increase Capacity
- Planned Maintenance of Existing Assets
- Planned Renewal of Existing Assets
- Telemetry Monitoring of Wastewater Pumping Stations
- Continuous Improvement of Wastewater System Operations
- Emergency Response Procedure to Power Failures
- Incident Response Protocol

7.6 Appendix 6 - Additional Emergency Contacts

SNOWY VALLEYS COUNCIL (SVC)	
INTERIM GENERAL MANAGER	6948 9101 / 6941 2567
STEVEN PINNUCK	0429 310 205
OTEVENT INNOON	0423 310 203
DIRECTOR INFRASTRUCTURE & WORKS	02 6941 2402
DUNCAN MITCHELL	0409 815 603
DOING/ IN MIT GITEEE	0400 010 000
MANAGER TECHNICAL SERVICES	02 6948 9135
GLEN MCGRATH	0458 223 002
GEEN MOONATH	0400 220 002
MANAGER UTILITIES & WASTE BUSINESS	02 6941 2589
QUENTIN ADAMS	0417 645 862
QUEITHVADAMO	0417 040 002
WATER & WASTEWATER ENGINEER	02 6941 2526
EDWARD GREIG	0437 951 365
LEWAILE CILLIC	0407 901 000
MANAGER UTILITIES, OPEN SPACE & FACILITIES	02 6941 2429
BRAD BEED	0427 955 876
	0421 303 010
COORDINATOR UTILITIES - WORKS	02 6941 2430
DAVID SAM	0436 279 959
DAVID SAIVI	0436 279 939
MODKEHOD	02 6041 2412
WORKSHOP	02 6941 2412
	0408 467 128
WASTEWATER PLANT OPERATOR	02 6046 2042
	02 6946 2043
COL TIYCE	0427 462 043
ELECTRICIAN	0418 979 173
ELECTRICIAN	0418 979 173
IT DEPARTMENT ON CALL CONTACT 1	0428 424 493
IT DEPARTMENT ON CALL CONTACT 1	0488 030 843
TI DEPARTMENT ON CALL CONTACT 2	0466 030 643
WASTEWATER DUMPOUT CONTRACTORS	
WASTEWATER PUMPOUT CONTRACTORS TOXFREE	1800 429 628
TOXFREE	1000 423 020
SOUTHEAST WASTE RECOVERY	0428 409 669
SOUTHLAST WASTE RECOVERT	0420 400 000
CLEANAWAY	1800 774 557
CLLANAVAI	1000 77 7 007
CLEANAWAY OFFICE (ORANGE)	02 96 042 611
CLLANAWAT OFFICE (ORANGE)	02 30 072 011
A MUDDAY & SONS	02 6047 1072
A MURRAY & SONS	02 6947 1973
DENNIETTS DI LIMPINO	02 6047 4442
BENNETTS PLUMBING	02 6947 1143
HANDVOIN	
HANDYBIN	00.0047.0000
BELLETTES	02 6947 2223

AMBULANCE	000
	131 233
FIRE BRIGADES - TUMUT	02 6947 1202
POLICE STATIONS - TUMUT	02 6947 7199
RURAL FIRE SERVICE	02 6981 4222
DISTRICT MANAGER	0419 460 880
STATE EMERGENCY SERVICES (SES)	132 500
HOSPITALS - TUMUT	02 6947 0800
SERVICE NSW – (ROADS & MARITIME SERVICES - RMS)	132 701
DPIE WATER	02 9338 6600
Mark Bradshaw	0427 324 893
WaterNSW	1800 061 069
TELSTRA EMERGENCY (SERVICE ENQUIRIES)	1300 835 787
TELSTRA EWERGENCT (SERVICE ENQUIRIES)	1300 633 767
TRANSGRID	1800 027 253
Regional Office Wagga Wagga	02 6922 0222
ELECTRICITY (ESSENTIAL ENERGY)	132 080
NATIONAL PARKS AND WILDLIFE SERVICE	02 69 477 000
NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA)	131 555
NSW HEALTH	02 5943 2044
Tony Burns	0428 693 374
•	
FISHERIES (Dept. Primary Industries)	69 479 028
FORESTRY NSW	69 473 911
RSPCA	66 513311
	0411 785 242
WIRES	02 69 495 999
Snowy Mountains animal rescue Team (SMART)	02 69 491 491
COUNCIL INCIDENTS, HAZARDS & ACCIDENTS	0417 470 555
SafeWork NSW	131 050
Waste Recycling Centre (Valmar)	02 6947 4150

7.7 Appendix 7 - Notification Letter and Incident Reporting Template



CHEMICAL SPILL IN VICINITY OF PROPERTY
Dear Resident,
This notice is to inform you that there has been a chemical spill in the vicinity of your property.
The cause of this event is being rectified and any contaminated area will be cleaned and disinfected as soon as possible. In the meantime you are requested to avoid any area that may have been contaminated with chemicals.
For further information regarding this matter please contact Snowy Valleys Council on (02) 69 412 555 or for after hours on 0427 470 555.
Yours faithfully,
Steven Pinnuck
Interim General Manager

Leading, engaging and supporting strong and vibrant communities

Tumbarumba Office: Bridge St (PO Box 61), Tumbarumba NSW 2653 • P 02 6948 9100 • tumbaadmin@snowyvalleys.nsw.gov.au Tumut Office: 76 Capper St, Tumut NSW 2720 • P 02 6941 2555 • tumutadmin@snowyvalleys.nsw.gov.au



SEWAGE SURCHARGE/SPILL IN VICINITY OF PROPERTY
Dear Resident,
This notice is to inform you that there has been a sewage surcharge/spill in the vicinity of your property.
The cause of this event is being rectified and any contaminated area will be cleaned and disinfected as soon as possible. In the meantime you are requested to avoid any area that may have been contaminated with sewage.
For further information regarding this matter please contact Snowy Valleys Council on (02) 69 412 555 or for after hours on 0427 470 555.
Yours faithfully,
Steven Pinnuck
Interim General Manager

Leading, engaging and supporting strong and vibrant communities

Report to Environmental Incident Hotline LOCATION OF INCIDENT



Recent changes to Part 5.7 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act* 1997 (POEO Act) specify new requirements relating to the notification of pollution incidents. For more information go to the **EPA website** (www.epa.nsw.gov.au/pollution/notificationprotocol.htm)

Project Facility Activity Location/Name: STREET NUMBER STREET NAME SUBURB WHERE DID THE INCIDENT OCCUR SECTION/UNIT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SITE	NEAREST CROSS STREET
Sewage break in mains pumping station (sewage or chemical) sewage treatment plant other (ponds etc) Waste waste from Council project/facility/activity dumped waste asbestos only General spill/overflow (chemical, fuel, substance etc) additional detail required below vegetation - disturbance / damage general - (heritage, water, wildlife etc) other	Cause blockage mechanical failure electrical failure or power outage rainfall inundation trade waste incident break in main other
ACTION TAKEN TO CONTAIN / MANAGE THE INCIDENT	
Were photos taken: YES NO NO	Were samples taken: YES NO
DETAILS OF PERSON REPORTING THE INCIDENT NAME PHONE MOBILE DEPARTMENT SECTION	DATE

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PART B Report to Environmental Incident Hotline INVESTIGATION



The appropriate Section Supervisor/Manager is responsible for completion of Part B of the incident report.

Will the incident: 1. Require assistance from other agencies to contain, isolate or cleanup? If "Yes" call 000 immediately.			NO NOT	SURE
 2. Pose any actual or potential harm to hu Is it located within 100m of a school, child Could it impact on users of public areas Could the impact spread and potentially locations 	YES	NO NOT	SURE	
 3. Pose any actual or potential harm to ecc Could the incident flow / impact on a wat Could the incident flow / impact on environments 	YES	NO NOT	SURE	
4. Result in actual or potential loss or prop	0? YES	NO NOT	SURE	
f you answered 'YES' to any of the above the notify the EPA, Ministry of Health, WorkCover where material harm is caused or threatened AGENCY NOTIFICATIONS of the incident does not require an initial combat	r and Fire and Rescue NSW immediate d. Failure to do so is an offence <i>(Protect.</i>	y after becoming aware on of the Environment Op	of a pollution inci perations Act 1997,	idents /
NSW EPA (EPA Environment Line: 131 555)				
Contacted: YES NO	Reason not contacted:			
NAME OF EPA REPRESENTATIVE	TIME AND DATE	EPA REFERENCE N	JMBER	
ACTIONS REQUIRED BY EPA				
NSW Health – Local Public Health Unit (Secondacted: YES NO NAME OF PHU REPRESENTATIVE	Reason not contacted:	/infectious/phus.asp) PHU REFERENCE N	IIIMDED	
NAME OF PHO REPRESENTATIVE	TIME AND DATE	PHU REFERENCE N	IUMBER	
ACTIONS REQUIRED BY LOCAL PHU				
WorkCover Authority (WorkCover: 13 10 5	וס			
Contacted: YES NO	Reason not contacted:			
NAME OF WORKCOVER REPRESENTATIVE	TIME AND DATE	WORKCOVER REFE	RENCE NUMBER	
ACTIONS REQUIRED BY WORKCOVER				
, ionale regaines si Northeane				
Fire & Rescue NSW (Emergency Hotline: 0	00)			
Contacted: YES NO	Reason not contacted:			
NAME OF FIRE & RESCUE REPRESENTATIVE	TIME AND DATE	FIRE & RESCUE RE	FERENCE NUMBER	
ACTIONS REQUIRED BY FIRE & RESCUE				

CONTINUES ON REVERSE

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OTHER NOTIFICATIONS TO CON	SIDER INCLUDE:
Internal contacts eg Environme Media NSW Food Authority Shellfish programs River users eg boat hiring comp Marine education centres Other	
PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION	
Notes from discussions with relev	ant operational staff
Any further observations or comm	nents by Supervisor / Manager
CATEGORISATION BY AUTHORIS	SED OFFICER
Minor No notification required	 Incident affects small area only (eg single property) AND Incident is easy to clean up without additional assistance, AND There is no risk of material harm to humans or the environment.
Moderate Notify EPA and Local PHU only	 Incident affects more than one property OR There is a risk of pollution or material harm to the environment BUT Cleanup can be completed without assistance AND There is no danger to humans.
Major Notification required - Notify EPA, Local PHU, Workcover and Fire & Rescue	 Potential or actual harm to humans and the environment AND/OR Assistance is required with cleanup from other agencies.
Council Responsible	Incident occurred as a direct result of Council activity or function.
Response by Council	Incident occurred on Council land, or land under Council care and control BUT Council did not cause the incident.
Technical Licence Breach	Relating to technical compliance such as exceedence of permissible discharge volume or environmental monitoring limits.
DETAILS OF APPROPRIATE SEC	TION SUPERVISOR/MANAGER REPORTING THE INCIDENT
NAME	DATE
PHONE PHONE	MOBILE
DEPARTMENT SECTION	

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7.8 Appendix 8 - Pollution Incident Actions



MINOR INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Record all details in **REFLECT AND OPERATOR LOG**

1. OPERATOR, W/WW TEAM

> **AS SOON AS POSSIBLE**

1. Risk Assessment

Assess if spill, overflow, power failure is likely to be detrimental to health, environment, safety or welfare of anyone.

- 2. Contain Spill
- 3. Notification to Coordinator Utilities- Works Both verbal and email.
- 4. Fix problem / Choke per standard procedure. Call in additional resources if required. Clean up affected area.
- 5. Provide barriers to minimise further impact Disinfect, sand cover, and signage.
- 6. Notification to Coordinator Utilities- Works On completion and record all details of incident management.



2. COORDINATOR UTILITIES - WORKS

- 1. Notify Engineer W/WW
- 2. Monitors situation as appropriate
- 3. Checks operator / staff records for completeness.



3. ENGINEER W/WW

- 1. Monitors situation as appropriate.
- 2. Note incident for W&S Performance Reporting.





MODERATE INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Record all details in REFLECT AND OPERATOR LOG

1. OPERATOR, W/WW TEAM

AS SOON AS POSSIBLE



1. Immediately notify Coordinator Utilities-Works Both verbal and email (if nearby).

2. Risk Assessment

Assess if spill, overflow, power failure is likely to be detrimental to health, environment, safety or welfare of anyone.

3. Contain Spill

Arrange for waste tankers, bypass pumps.

- 4. Fix problem / Choke per standard procedure.
 Call in additional resources if required.
 Notify neighbours by door knock if overflow likely to impact on health, safety or welfare of anyone.
 Clean up affected area.
- **5. Provide barriers to minimise fur ther impact** Disinfect, sand cover, and signage.
- **6. Notification to Coordinator Utilities- Works** On completion and record all details of incident management.

2. COORDINATOR UTILITIES - WORKS



3. ENGINEER W/WW



4. MANAGER UTILITIES & WASTE BUSINESS

 Immediately notify Engineer W/WW Both verbal and email (if nearby).

2. Attend Site

Coordinate actions with operator and others. Arrange sampling if necessary.

- 3. Checks operator / staff records for completeness.
- 1. Immediately notify Manager Utilities & Waste Business and Executive Director Infrastructure.
- 2. Immediately notify NSW EPA and NSW Health Monitor situation as appropriate, attend site if necessary. Coordinate with Works Officer Utilities. Obtain details for records.
- 3. Final Notification to Manager Utilities & Waste Business, Executive Director Infrastructure, NSW Health and NSW EPA.
- 4. Prepare Incident Response details for EPA Annual Return.
- 1. Notify SafeWork NSW as appropriate.
- 2. Notify Interim General Manager as appropriate.
- 3. Liaise with Executive Director Infrastructure and Engineer W/WW as appropriate.

MAJOR INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Record all details in REFLECT AND OPERATOR LOG

1. OPERATOR, W/WW TEAM

AS SOON AS
POSSIBLE



2. COORDINATOR UTILITIES - WORKS



3. ENGINEER W/WW



- 4. MANAGER UTILITIES & WASTE BUSINESS
- 1. Notify SafeWork NSW
- 2. Liaise with Executive Director Infrastructure and Interim General Manager (who will liaise with Mayor and Council)
- 3. Organise media releases as appropriate.

1. Immediately notify Coordinator Utilities-Works and Engineer Water & Wastewater. Both verbal and email (if nearby).

2. Risk Assessment

Assess if spill, overflow, power failure is likely to be detrimental to health, environment, safety or welfare of anyone.

3. Contain Spill

Arrange for waste tankers, bypass pumps.

- 4. Fix problem / Choke per standard procedure.
 Call in additional resources if required.
 Notify neighbours by door knock if overflow likely to impact on health, safety or welfare of anyone.
 Clean up affected area.
- **5. Provide barriers to minimise fur ther impact** Disinfect, sand cover, and signage.
- **6. Notification to Coordinator Utilities-Works** On completion and record all details of incident management.
- 1. Immediately notify Engineer W/WW Both verbal and email (if nearby).
- 2. Immediately notify Emergency Services Verbal

2. Attend Site

Coordinate actions with operator and others. Arrange sampling if necessary. Immediately notify and downstream water users.

- 3. Checks operator / staff records for completeness.
- 1. Immediately notify Manager Utilities & Waste Business and Executive Director Infrastructure.
- 2. Immediately notify NSW EPA and NSW Health, DPIE Water

Monitor situation as appropriate, attend site if necessary. Coordinate with Works Officer - Utilities. Obtain details for records.

- 3. Final Notification to, Executive Director Infrastructure, NSW Health, NSW EPA and DPIE Water
- 4. Prepare Incident Response details for EPA Annual Return.

