Revenue Policy 2019 - 2020

Snowy Valleys Council is committed to a user-pay principle and will recover the full cost of services provided to rate payers, unless the cost of the service is controlled by another authority or where a community service obligation is clearly identified.

Income and Expenditure 2019-2020 – Financial Estimates

INCOME	
Rates and Annual Charges	17,840,082
User Charges and Fees	8,796,335
Interest and Investment Revenues	865,000
Other Revenues	1,152,064
Grants & Contributions - Operating	10,282,380
Grants & Contributions - Capital	5,377,000
Total Income from Continuing Operations	44,312,861
EXPENSES	
Employee Costs	15,589,324
Borrowing Costs	499,732
Materials & Contracts	9,742,400
Depreciation	11,047,000
Other Expenses	3,831,640
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	40,710,096

Schedule of Fees and Charges

Detailed information of the Schedule of Fees and Charges that will apply in 2019-2020 are located in a separate document. This document can be found on Council's website, at Shire Libraries and Council's Administration Building.

The 2018-19 Schedule of Fees and Charges have been prepared on the following basis:

- Increased where permissible;
- Calculated on the basis of full cost recovery from the user where such a recovery is approved by Council; and
- Identifying the true cost of community service obligations.

Council will apply the maximum permissible rate of interest payable of 7.5% as set by the Minister of Local Government on outstanding rates, water charges, sewer charges and all sundry debtor accounts.

Special Rate Variation

In 2005/2006 the former Tumut Shire Council applied and was successful in gaining a 10% special rate variation for 15 years.

The application was approved in two segments:

- 1. 29 June 2005 5.01% for 15 years \$205,066 plus annual rate cap; and
- 2. 27 June 2006 4.99% for 14 years \$225,142 plus annual rate cap

The 10% increase to rates must be reversed in the 2020/2021 financial year.

The revenue is to be raised and utilised for existing infrastructure maintenance in the areas of roads, bridges and storm water, as well as a minor component going towards funding the Open Space Strategy.

Access Charges have been harmonised across the LGA. Only our rating income was to remain frozen until 2020.

Levied Rates

Waste Management Charges				
	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield	
Domestic waste	\$448.00	5,311	\$2,379,328	
Commercial waste	\$500.00	504	\$252,000	
Special Recycling Only - Commercial	\$160.00	14	\$2,240	
School waste	\$420.00	50	\$21,000	
Waste access charge	\$53.00	7531	\$399,143	
Special Recycling Only - Domestic	\$100.00	4	\$400	
Vacant Land	\$53.00	190	\$10,070	
Total Charges			\$3,064,181	

Sewer Charges				
	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield	
Residential access charge	\$710.00	4,636	\$3,291,560	
Unoccupied Sewerage Charge	\$710.00	166	\$117,860	
Commercial access charge - 20mm	\$500.00	559	\$279,500	
Commercial access charge - 25mm	\$781.00	114	\$89,034	
Commercial access charge - 32mm	\$1280.00	34	\$43,520	
Commercial access charge - 40mm	\$2,000.00	33	\$66,000	
Commercial access charge - 50mm	\$3,125.00	32	\$100,000	
Commercial access charge - 65mm	\$5,280.00	1	\$5,280	
Commercial access charge - 80mm	\$8,000.00	6	\$48,000	
Commercial access charge - 100mm	\$12,500.00	9	\$112,500	
Commercial access charge - 150mm	\$15,625	1	\$15,625	
Total charges			\$4,168,879	

Water Access Charges				
	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield	
Water access charge – 20mm	\$140.00	5987	\$838,180	
Water access charge – 25mm	\$219.00	151	\$33,069	
Water access charge – 32mm	\$359.00	36	\$12,924	
Water access charge – 40mm	\$560.00	43	\$24,080	
Water access charge – 50mm	\$875.00	37	\$32,375	
Water access charge – 65mm	\$1,480.00	1	\$1,480	
Water access charge – 80mm	\$2,240.00	6	\$13,440	
Water access charge – 100mm	\$3,500.00	11	\$38,500	
Water access charge – 150mm	\$7,875	4	\$31,500	
Unmetered annual charge	\$690.00	7	\$4,830	
Total charges			\$1,030,378	

Meter Size - Raw Water				
	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield	
Raw Water Access Charge – 20mm	\$140.00	8	\$1,120	
Raw Water Access Charge – 25mm	\$219.00	2	\$438	
Raw Water Access Charge – 32mm	\$359.00	1	\$359	
Raw Water Access Charge – 40mm	\$560.00	3	\$1,680	
Raw Water Access Charge – 50mm	\$875.00	6	\$5,250	
Raw Water Access Charge – 80mm	\$2,240.00	2	\$4,480	
Raw Water Access Charge – 100mm	\$3,500.00	5	\$17,500	
Total Charges			\$30,827	

Former Tumbarumba Area - Stormwater Charges (LG Circular 05/69)

	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield
Residential	\$25.00	779.5	\$19,487
Commercial (max charge)	\$75.00	120	\$9,000
Total charges			\$28,487

Management	•		
	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield
Residential	\$32.00	1400	\$44,800
Non-residential	\$32.00	58	\$1,856
Total charges			\$ 46,656
Tumut Avec	I invid To	ada Maa	to
Tumut Area - Charges	- Liquid Tr	ade Was	te
	- Liquid Tr	ade Was	te Estimated Yield
	-		Estimated
Charges	Charge	Number	Estimated Yield
Charges Category 1	Charge \$162.00	Number 118	Estimated Yield \$19,116

Rateable Areas within Snowy Valleys Council

Council undertakes rating in line with the Local Government Act 1993, 3 categories that applied to the former Councils at this time:

- Farmland;
- Residential (with a sub category 'Rural Residential')
- Business (with a sub category 'Inundated' and 'Rural Clubs')

Council's rating policy is based upon a 2.7% rate increase as announced by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal of NSW. With the merger of the former Tumbarumba and Tumut Shire Councils, rates are fixed for a four year period. Only the rate increase of 2.7% is allowed. RATING 2019 – 2020 (RATE IN \$) or Minimum \$540 after applying the 2.7% Rate Cap

Category	Base Amount	Ad Valorem (per 1 cent)	Estimated Yield
Farmland	98.12	0.4337	1,684,113.34
Residential	232.55	0.5888	500,557.91
Rural Residential	254.62	0.4371	224,272.24
Business		1.2713	148,525.13
Rural Clubs		0.5082	4,929.54
Inundated		0.8525	21,849.58
			2,584,247.74

| Former Tumut Shire Council Area

Category	Ad Valorem (per 1 cent)	Estimated Yield
Farmland	0.53449	2,349,627.09
Residential	1.02508	3,079,095.76
Rural Residential	0.75126	469,009.94
Business	1.59229	909,449.90
Inundated	0.96077	17,755.03
		6,824,937.72

Farmland

Section 515(1) of the Act sets out the prerequisites for occupied land to be categorised as "farmland". Section 519 facilitates the categorisation of vacant land and it should be noted that scope exists for vacant land to be categorised as "farmland" in certain circumstances via those provisions.

For land to be categorised as farmland in terms of section 515 it must be:

- a parcel of rateable land
- valued as one assessment
- the dominant use of which is for farming (that is, the business or - industry of grazing, animal feedlots, dairying, pig-farming, poultry farming, viticulture, orcharding, beekeeping, horticulture,
- vegetable growing, the growing of crops of any kind, forestry, or aquaculture within the meaning of the Fisheries Management Act 1994, or any combination of those businesses or industries) which has a significant and substantial commercial purpose or character; and
- is engaged in for the purpose of profit on a continuous or repetitive basis (whether or not a profit is actually made).

However, land is not to be categorised as farmland if it is "rural residential land": section 515(2).

Residential

Section 516(1) of the Act states that land is to be categorised as residential if it is a parcel of rateable

land valued as one assessment and:

- its dominant use is for residential accommodation (otherwise than as a hotel, motel, guest-house, backpacker hostel or nursing home or for any other form of residential accommodation, not being a boarding house or lodging house, prescribed by the regulations); or
- in the case of vacant land, it is zoned or otherwise designated for use under an environmental planning instrument (with or without development consent) for residential purposes; or
- it is rural residential land.

Rural Residential

Rural residential land under the Local Government Act is defined in the Dictionary at the end of the Act to mean land that:

- is the site of a dwelling and is not less than 2 hectares and not more than 40 hectares in area; and
- is either:
 - not zoned or otherwise designated for use under an environmental planning instrument; or
 - zoned or otherwise designated for use under such an instrument for non-urban purposes; and
- does not have a significant and substantial commercial purpose or character.

In order to determine whether the farming has a significant and substantial commercial purpose or

character, it is legitimate for council to enquire whether the particular activity or activities carried on

are "too slight" or "too minor" to be reasonably regarded as having the requisite degree of commercial purpose or character. Thus, in the case of farming activities producing very small returns, it may be difficult, if not impossible, to designate those activities as a business having a significant and substantial commercial purpose or character. In addition, as mentioned above, there should be present in the activities some element of continuity and repetition.

Business

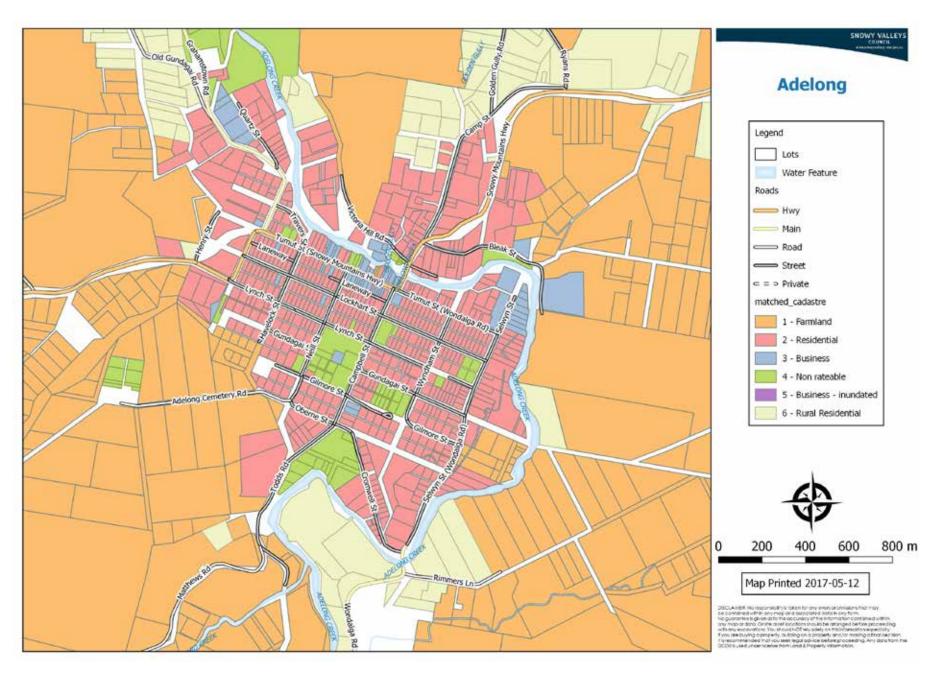
Section 518 of the Act states that land is to be categorised as business if it cannot be categorised as

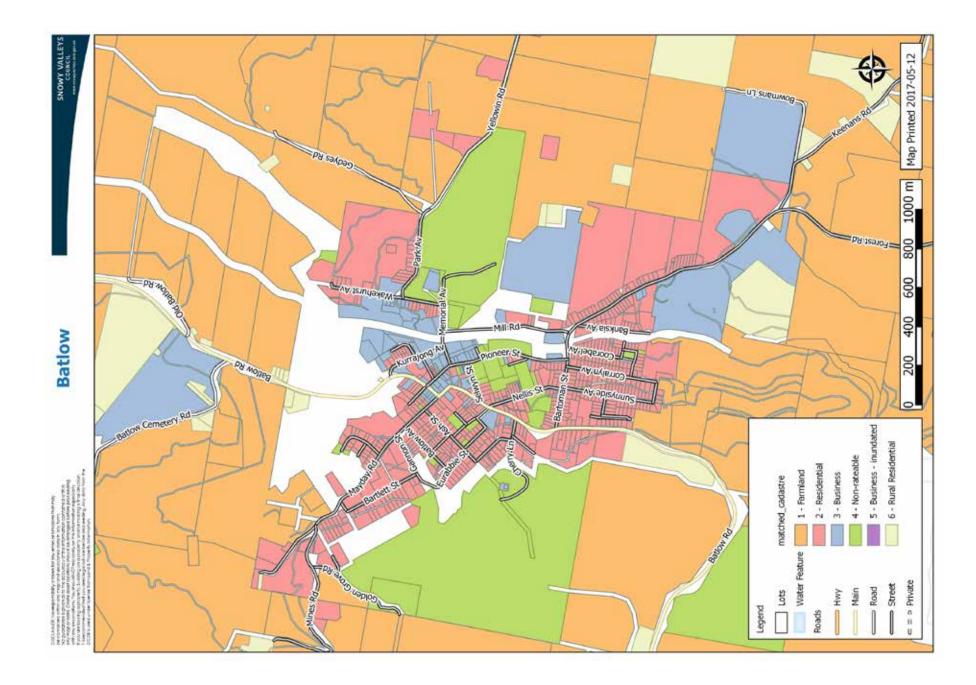
farmland, residential, or mining.

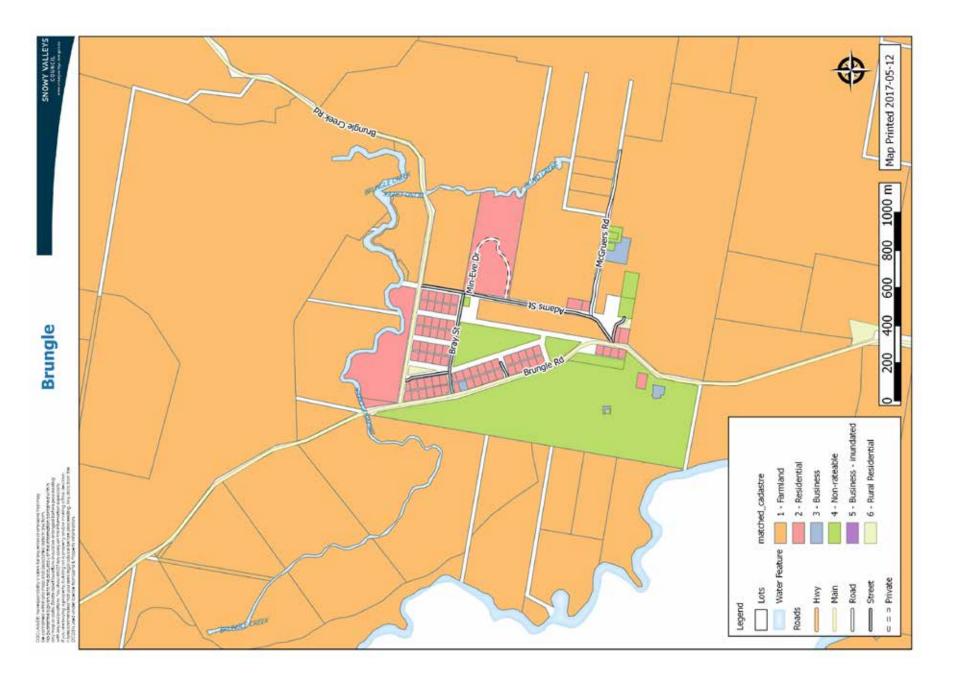
Zoning under a Local Environmental Plan (LEP)

The categorisation of land for rating purposes under the Local Government Act should not be confused with a lands zoning under a LEP. They are two distinct classifications, each subject to the definitions under their respective legislations.

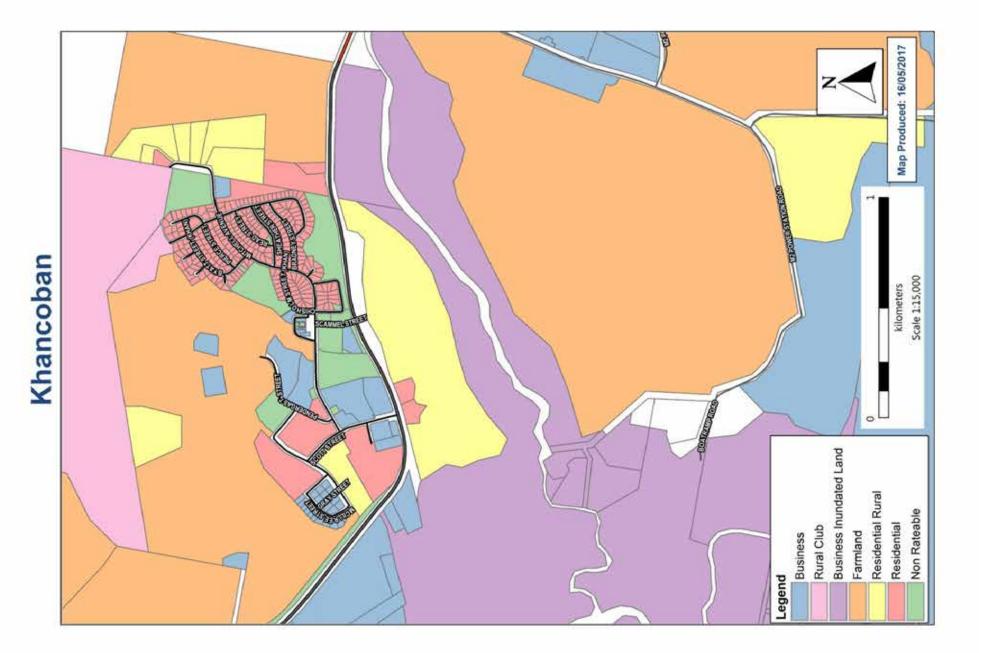
The maps below provide an indication of where each rating category will apply. The maps have been broken into each town and village.

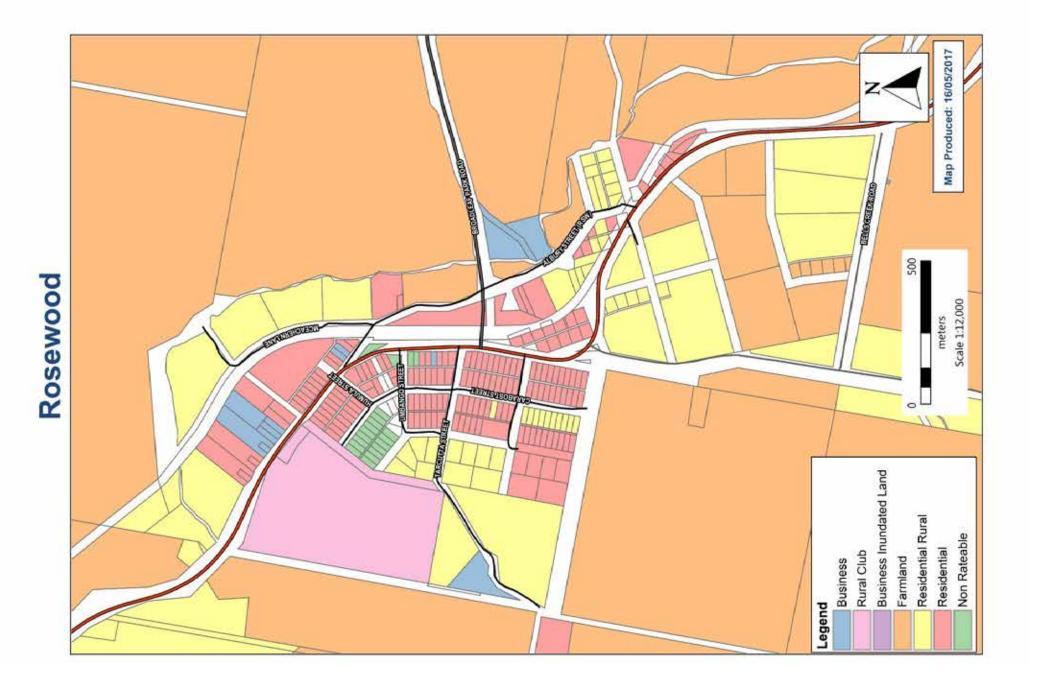


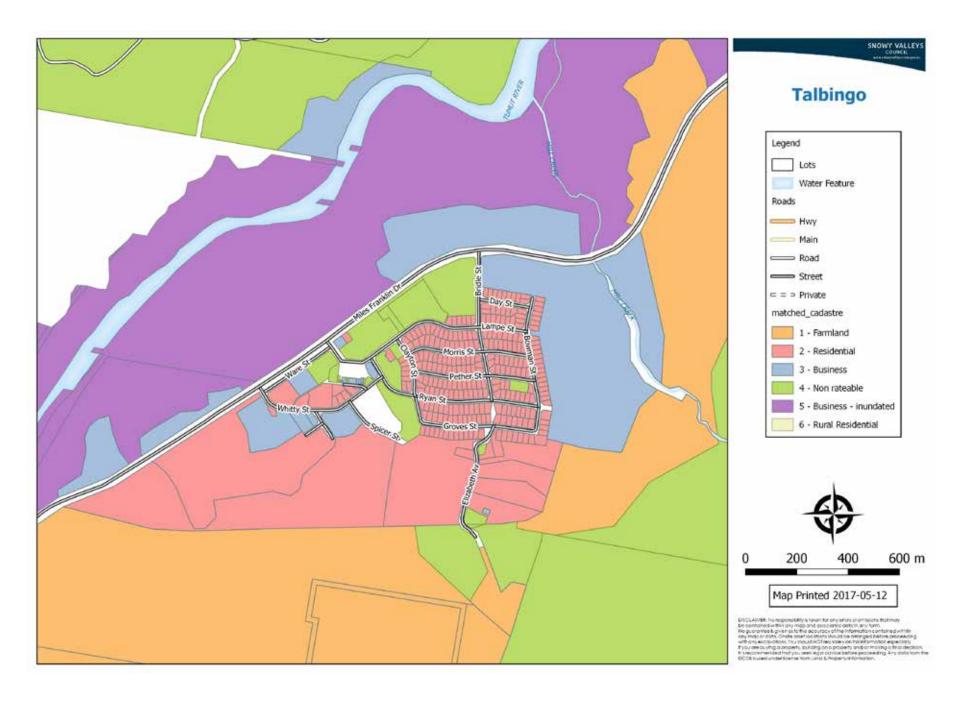


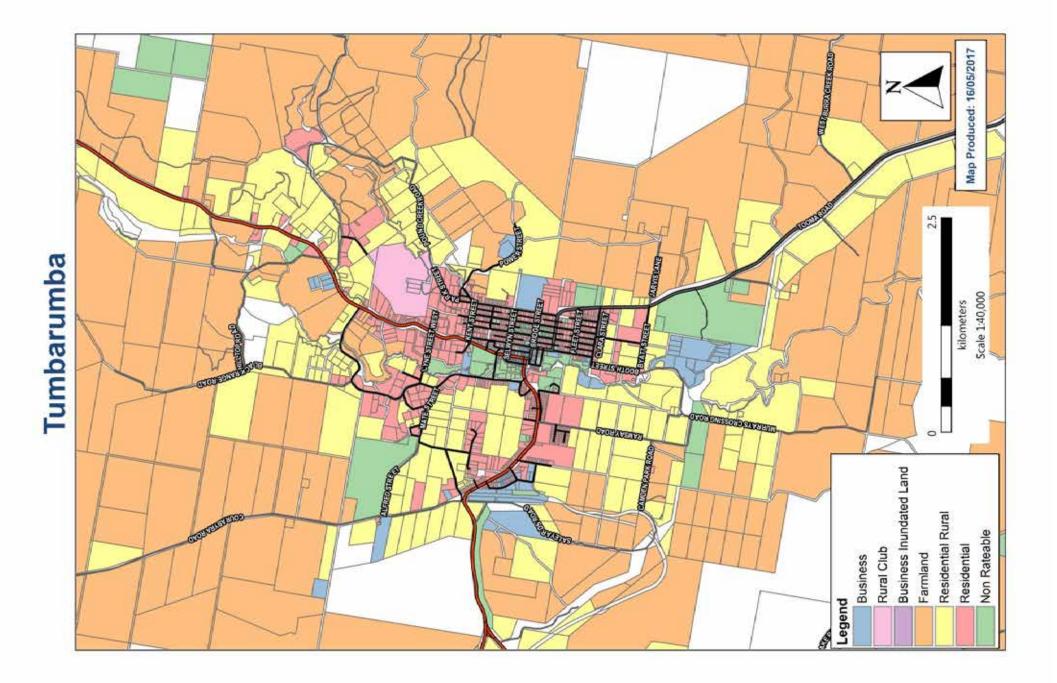




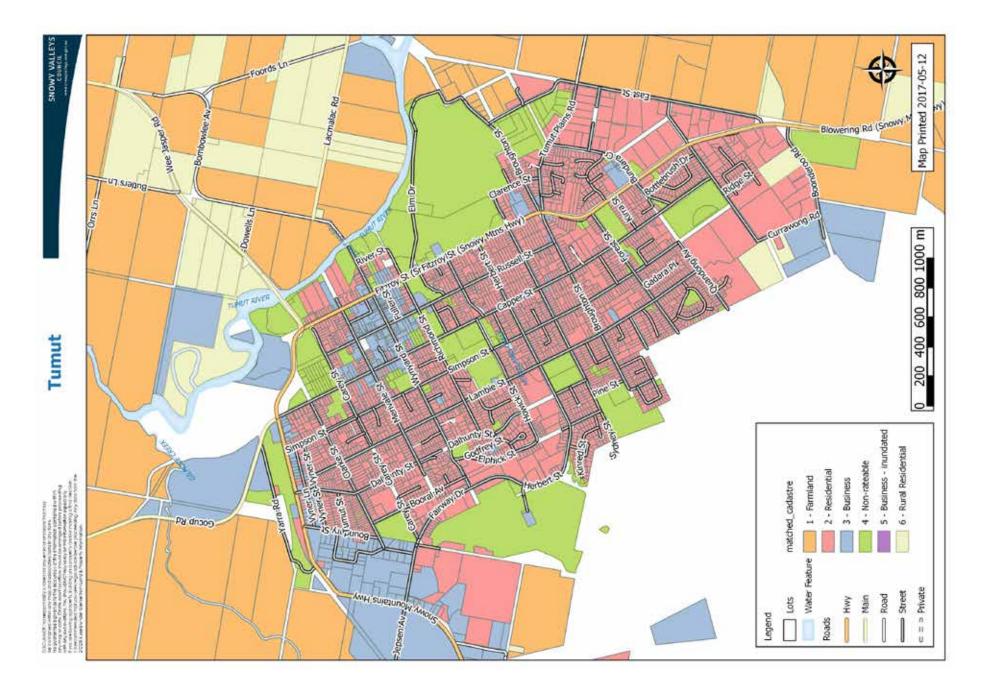








14 2019 - 2020 - Showy valleys Council Revenue Policy





REVENUE POLICY 2019 -2020